European Private Market Q1 Insights & Q2 2024 Outlook





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Agenda



- Q1 2024 EU Valuation Insights
- Financing Market Update
- Syndicated Markets vs. Private Credit
- Recent M&A Activity

Firm Update - New Joiners

Joined January 2024



Lalit Kasat
Managing Director
Technology, Media & Telecom
London, UK

Joined April 2024



Lewis Gray
Managing Director
Business Services
London, UK



Carlos Candil

Managing Director

Energy, Power & Infrastructure

London, UK

Joined May 2024



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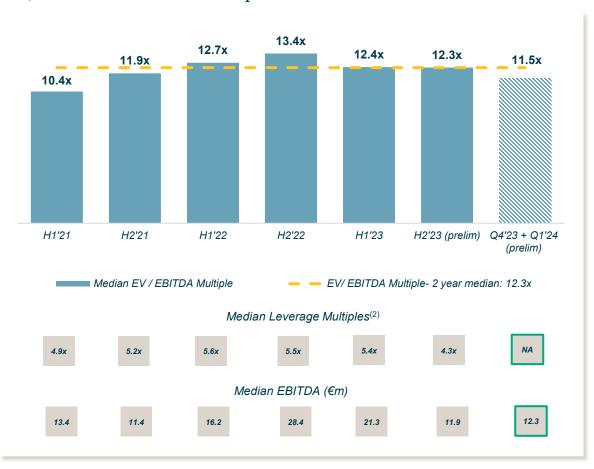
Q1 2024 EU valuations insights



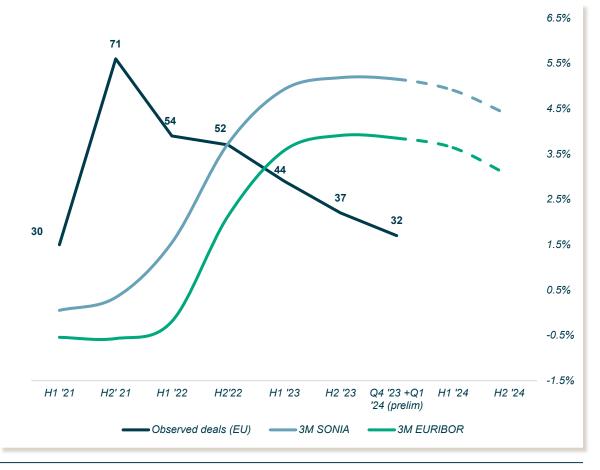
European Lincoln Observed New Third-Party M&A Buyouts

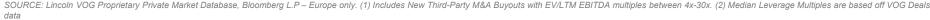
New buyout transactions remained muted over the last 18 months. In the past six months, EV multiples were 0.8x lower than 2023, due in part to impact from higher rates, but also a function of mix – in Q1-24, deals that closed were more industrial and manufacturing related businesses that sold at 7-9x EBITDA, with fewer software and services deals, which carry higher multiples.

EV / EBITDA Transaction Multiples⁽¹⁾



3M EURIBOR, 3M SONIA & LI Observed Deal Activity



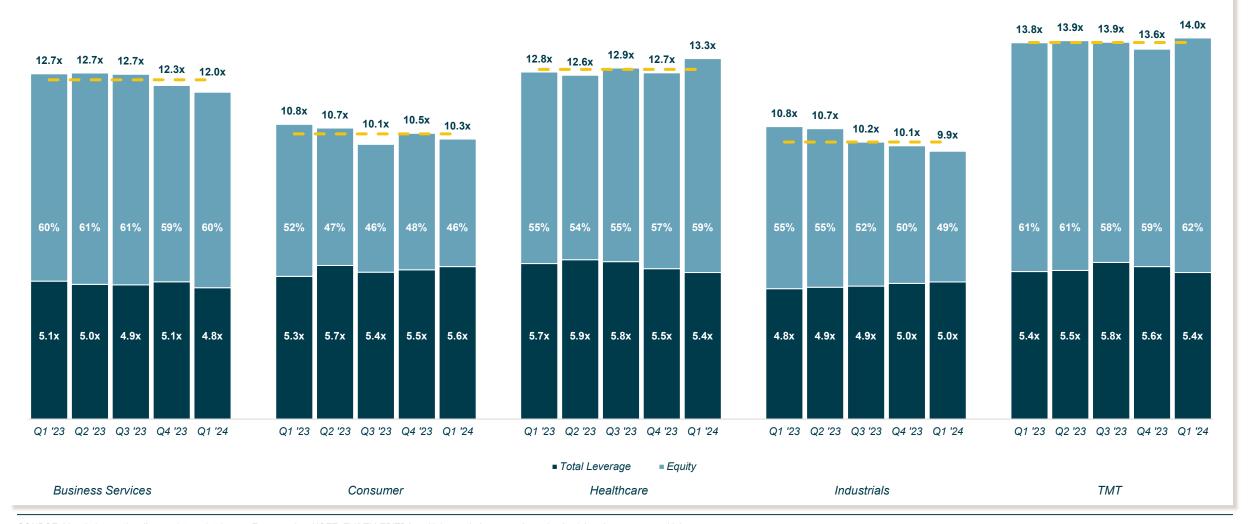






European EV/LTM EBITDA Multiple Evolution by Industry

We are seeing mixed trends in EV multiples over the last year. Valuations in Healthcare and TMT have held up well, and remain above their 2023 average. However, valuations in Business Services, Consumer and Industrials have started to trend downwards.





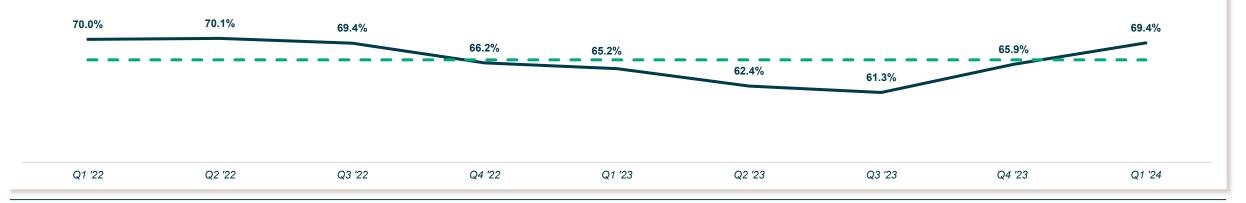
European LTM Revenue & EBITDA Growth

Private companies continue to demonstrate resilient performance, with 83% of companies showing YoY LTM Revenue growth. 69% of companies have reported YoY LTM EBITDA growth, maintaining the trend from last quarter. Lincoln observed increased convergence between the LTM revenue and EBITDA growth compared to the prior year.

Percentage of Companies Reporting YoY Revenue Growth



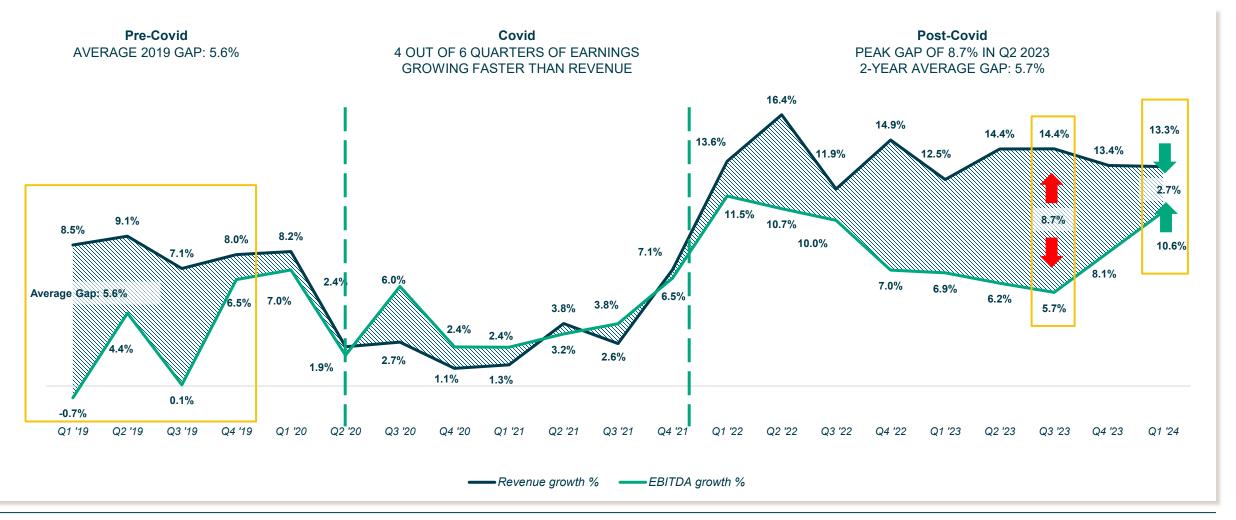
Percentage of Companies Reporting YoY EBITDA Growth





European Magnitude of LTM Revenue & EBITDA Growth

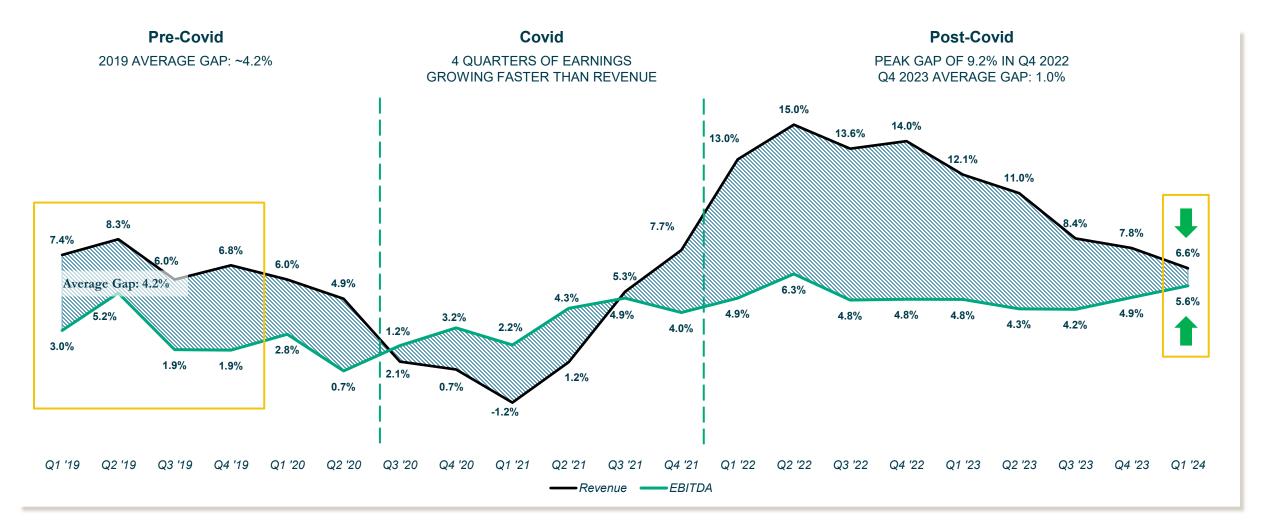
Average revenue growth continues to exceed double digits and was flat from the prior period, while the rate of growth in EBITDA continues to converge upward to revenue growth in a continuing positive trend.





U.S. Magnitude of LTM Revenue & EBITDA Growth

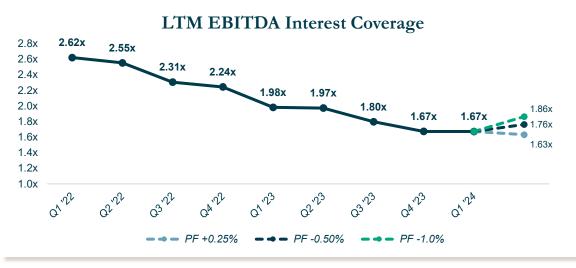
Private markets revenue growth contracted for the last four quarters and EBITDA growth has been relatively stable, resulting in decreased margin compression.

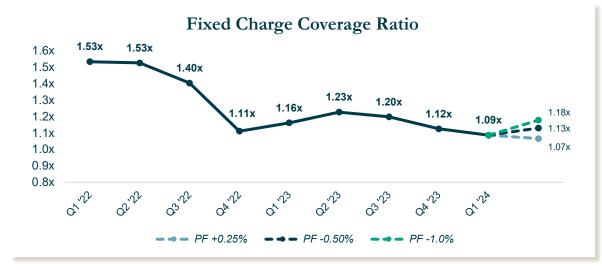




European Interest Coverage & Fixed Charge Coverage Ratios

ICR and FCCR continue to decline albeit at a slower rate. Our sensitivity analysis shows that on a Pro Forma basis, a 1.0% decrease in the interest rate results in an improvement of approximately 0.2x for ICR and 0.1x for FCCR.



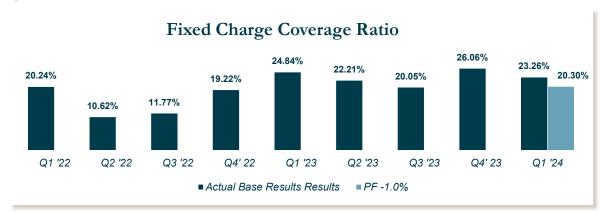


Calculations: Interest Coverage Ratio = (LTM EBITDA) / Actual LTM Interest

Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio = (LTM EBITDA-Taxes-Capex) / [(LTM Interest Expense+(1% * Total Debt)]

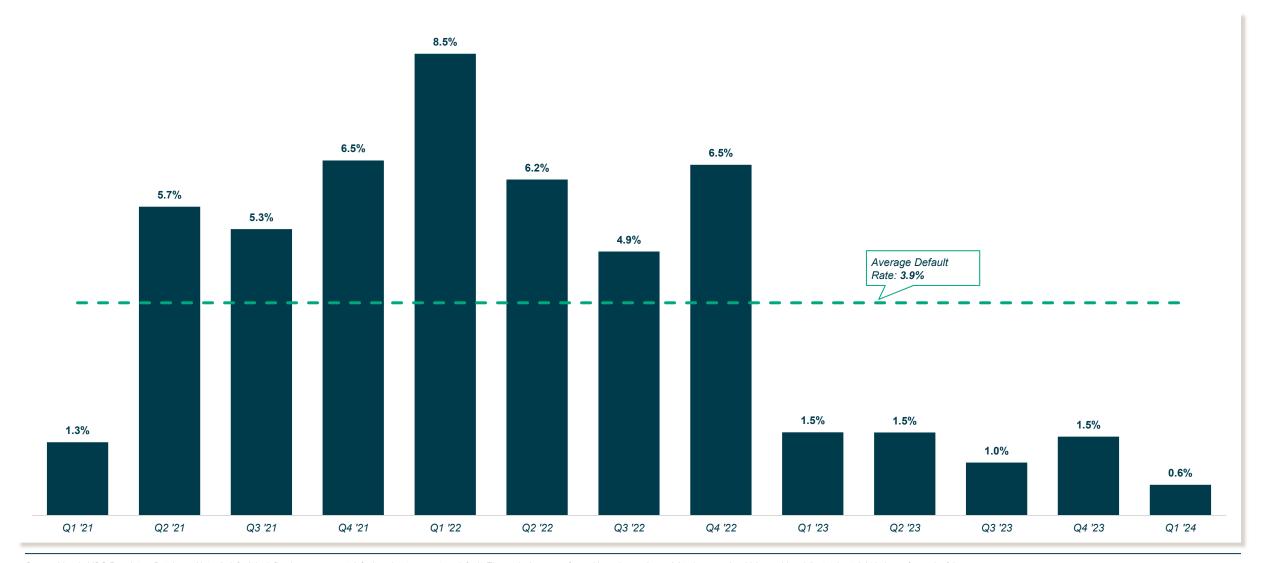
Size-Weighted Percentage of Companies with Interest Coverage and Fixed Charge Ratios under 1.0x

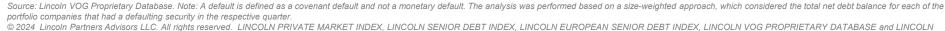






European Covenant Default Rate (Size-Weighted)



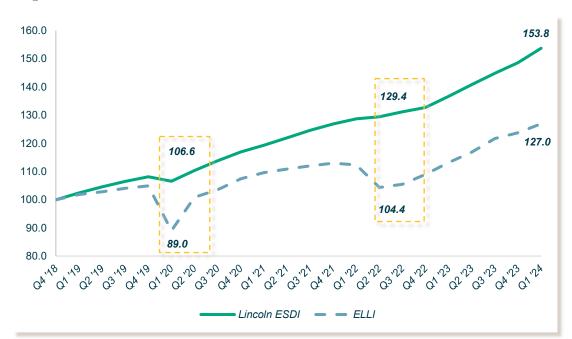




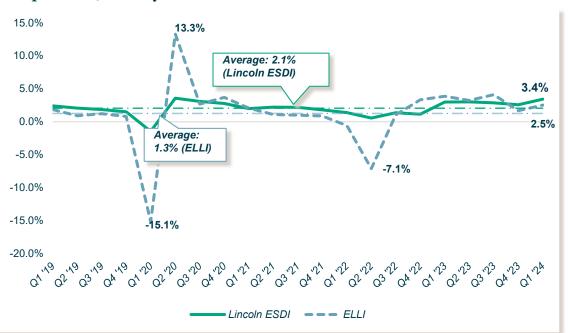


Comparison of Lincoln ESDI to the Public Market

Graph 1 – Total Return



Graph 2 – Quarterly Return⁽¹⁾



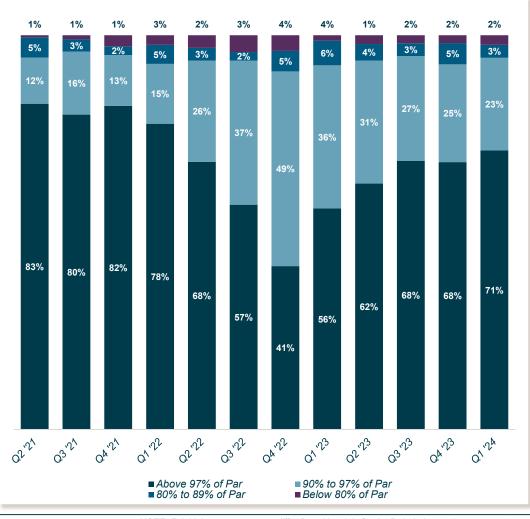
	Quarterly Return	Standard Deviation	Median Annual Return (since Q1 2019)	Standard Deviation of Annual Returns (since Q1 2019)
Lincoln ESDI	3.4%	1.1%	8.2%	2.5%
ELLI	2.5%	4.9%	3.7%	8.7%

Quarterly private credit returns have been attractive in Europe over the past five years when compared to the broadly syndicated loan market.

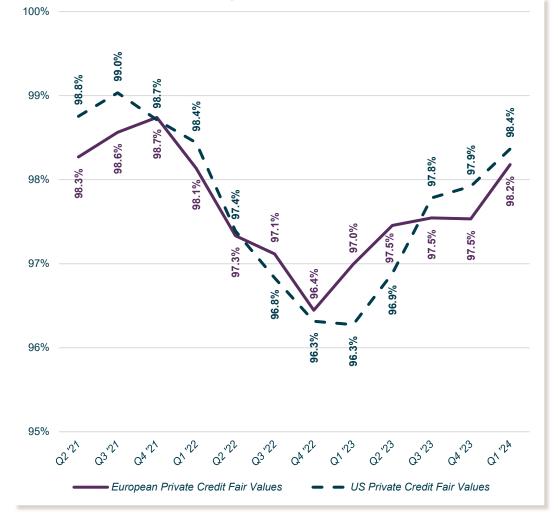


European Senior Debt Index Fair Values Observed Across Private Loans

Distribution of Private Credit Fair Values



Private Credit Fair Values by Quarter





Financing Market Update



Historical Changes Financing Terms From Funds

		Market Peak (Q3 2021)	Dislocation (Q3 2022)	Q4 2023	Now (May 2024)
	Leverage (Europe excluding UK)	4.00x to 6.50x min to max (1)	3.75x to 5.75x min to max	4.50x to 5.50x min to max	4.50x to 5.50x min to max
+_	Margin (Europe excluding UK)	5.50% to 8.00% min to max (1)	6.00% to 8.00% min to max	5.75% to 6.75% min to max	5.50% to 6.50% min to max
	Leverage	5.00x to 6.50x min to max	4.00x to 5.50x min to max	4.50x to 5.50x min to max	4.50x to 5.50x min to max
+_	Margin (UK)	5.75% to 6.50% min to max	6.50% to 8.00% min to max	5.75% to 6.75% min to max	5.50% to 6.50% min to max
	Leverage	5.00x to 6.50x min to max	4.50x to 5.50x min to max	4.50x to 5.50x min to max	4.50x to 5.50x min to max
+/_)	Margin	5.00% to 6.00% min to max	6.50% to 7.50% min to max	6.00% to 6.75% min to max	5.50% to 6.50% min to max



Syndicated Markets vs. Private Credit



Recap - Private Credit vs. Broadly Syndicated Loans vs. High-Yield Bonds (1/2)

Торіс	Private Credit	Broadly Syndicated Loans ("BSL")	High Yield Bonds ("HYB")
1 ARRANGERS & UNDERWRITERS	Non-bank lenders	Arranged / underwritten by banks and syndicated to institutional investors	
2 INVESTOR BASE	Traditionally institutional investors or high net worth persons	Traditionally institutional funds, private wealth accounts, CLOs ⁽¹⁾ , insurance companies, banks etc.	Mutual funds, hedge funds, private wealth accounts, insurance companies, pension funds etc.
3 SYNDICATE SIZE	Few lenders (typically 1-4)	Diverse and broad institutional lender base (typically dozens to hundreds)	
4 VOLUMES	> Euro 10 million up to billions	> Euro 200-250 million up to billions	
5 LIQUIDITY	Relatively illiquid, held until maturity	Relatively liquid, can be bought and sold easily	
6 SECURITY	Secured	Secured	Secured or unsecured
7 FLOATING / FIXED	Floating rate	Floating rate	Fixed or floating rate
8 PRICING	Typically wider than BSL	Typically tighter than Private Credit/HYB	Typically wider than BSL



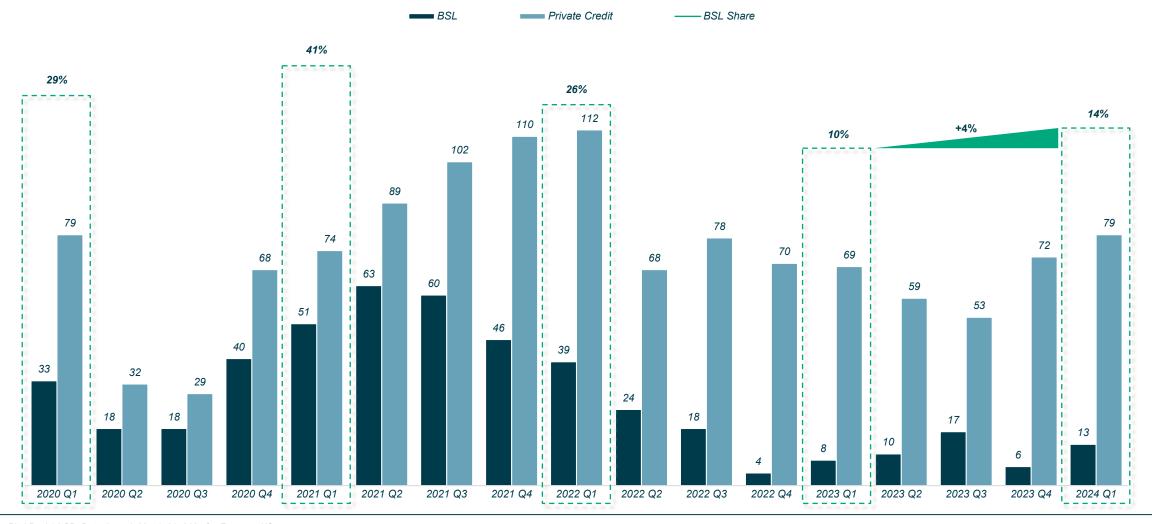
Recap - Private Credit vs. Broadly Syndicated Loans vs. High-Yield Bonds (2/2)

Торіс	Private Credit	Broadly Syndicated Loans ("BSL")	High Yield Bonds ("HYB")
9 TENOR / REPAYMENT	Typically 5-7 years / Bullet	Typically 7 years / Bullet	Typically 5-10 years / Bullet
10 PREPAYMENT PENALTY	NC ⁽¹⁾ 1, 101, par	Limited (6-12 months "soft" call)	NC ⁽¹⁾ period of typically 50% of tenor, thereafter repayable at decreasing premium (shorter NC ⁽¹⁾ period for FRN ⁽²⁾)
11 RATINGS	External rating(s) not required	Private rating(s) usually required Public rating(s) depending on size	External rating(s) required (typically Moody's / S&P)
12 COVENANTS	Typically maintenance covenants	Cov-lite with springing net leverage covenant on Revolving Facility	Incurrence covenants only
13 EXECUTION	Faster to execute with single lender, typically 30-75 days from inception	Slower execution period, typically 2-3 months from inception	
DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS	No disclosure requirements	No disclosure requirements	Longer / more costly documentation process (requires OM ⁽³⁾ disclosure and roadshow)
15 AMENDMENTS	Relatively common / straightforward	Relatively common / straightforward	Expensive – requires consent solicitation / payment of consent fee
16 REPORTING	Private reporting (monthly / quarterly + annually)	Private reporting (monthly / quarterly + annually)	Public reporting (quarterly + annually)



Since 2021, the share of transactions financed via BSL has reduced, however, recently increased again in light of a supportive market backdrop

of LBOs financed via BSL / Private Credit





Key takeaways for the mid-market leveraged finance space

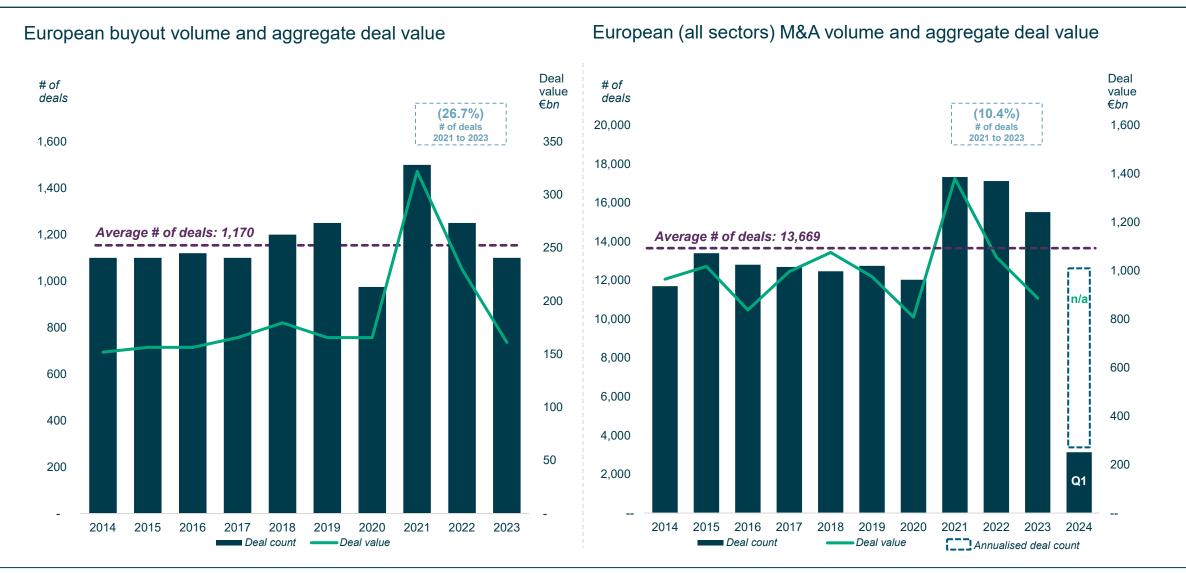
Share of BSL expected to continue to grow Larger private credit lenders expected to focus across the upper mid-market / large cap again more on typical mid-market transactions, leveraged finance space thereby increasing competition in that space Sponsors and borrowers in good position in Dual track processes possible, thereby creating upper mid-market to weigh both private credit more competitive tension / pricing arbitrage and BSL (and/or, if desired, HYB) Lincoln with ability to advise clients across the Keeping optionality is key for a successful & entire leveraged finance market, from private to competitive financing transaction public debt and to alternative lending solutions



Recent M&A Activity



In Europe, M&A volumes declined in 2023 but are expected to recover





Deals of all kinds have been impacted by the macro and interest rate environment

There were several dynamics at play across 2023, with deals dependent on bank financing particularly impacted by the interest rates environment...

The lack of affordable leverage has **cut the number of megadeals** (over \$5bn) by almost half in 2023

The sheer velocity of the interest rate shock was something few in the industry had ever experienced

Technology deals, which by their nature require less leverage, maintained their dominant share of total buyouts Investors have responded to the macro-economic environment by using less debt and more equity overall

Price multiples declined slightly over 2023 but still sit at c.11x EBITDA in the US and c.10x EBITDA in Europe as sellers seek to unload the strong assets they are confident will sell well

... As we look to 2024 and beyond, pressure is building

The green shoots of recovery are starting to poke through...even slight cuts are likely to spur dealmaking

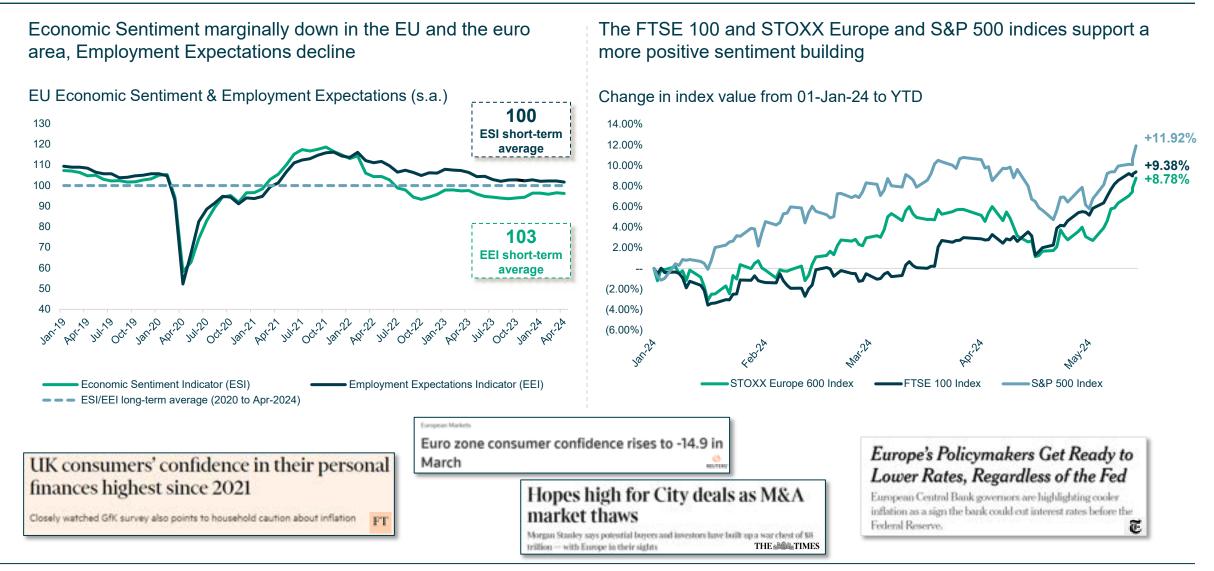
With exit channels in deep freeze, unsold assets are piling up in private equity portfolios

The level and age of the dry powder in GP funds is creating a heavy incentive to get moving...and around 26% is over four years old

With sponsors struggling to send cash back to their LPs, 2024 will likely be defined by how creative the industry can be

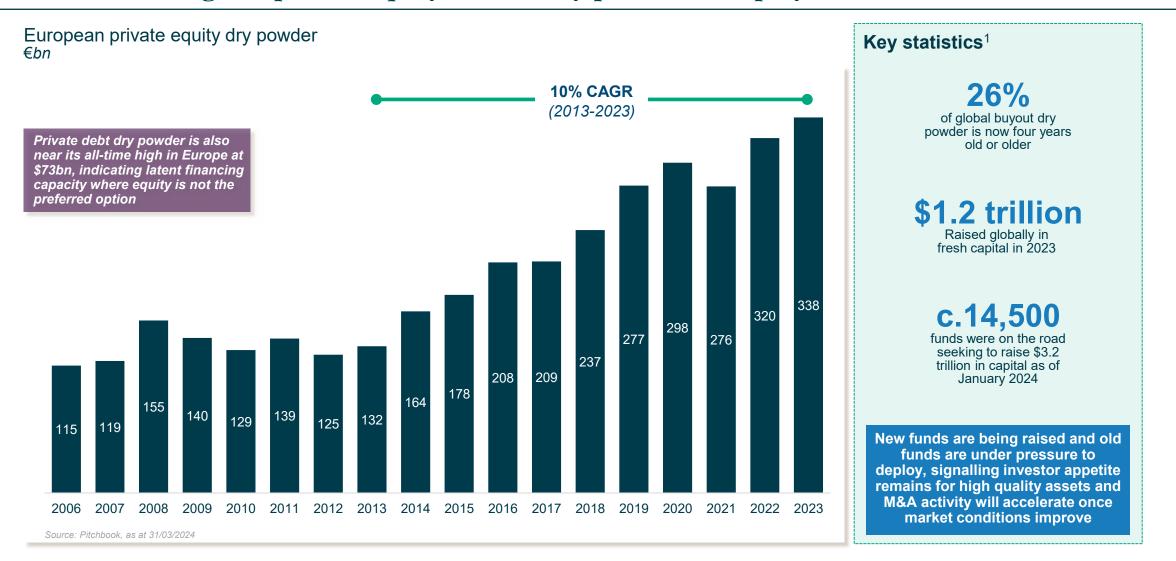


The economic backdrop is uncertain, but consumer and investor confidence is showing signs of recovery





There is no shortage of private equity or debt dry powder to deploy as confidence returns





Lincoln views on the current market conditions

How have the duration of deals in the current market changed versus previous norms? n = 40



Have vendor expectations moderated on prices / multiples over the last 12 months in your experience? n = 39

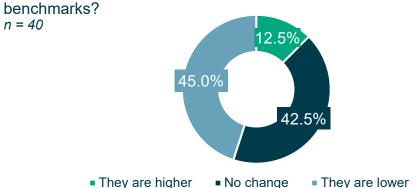


How has the level of structuring changed for deals in the current market versus historic norms (e.g., earn-outs, deferred consideration, roll-over)? n = 40

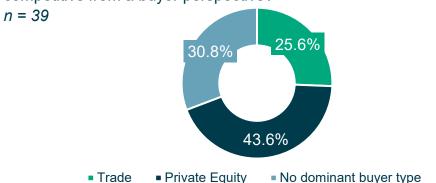


Deals are taking longer and vendors value expectations have moderated in L12M...albeit increased structuring suggests bid / offer spread remains

How do multiples of EBITDA being paid / achieved compare to historic



In your (or competitor) processes, who are you seeing as most competitive from a buyer perspective?



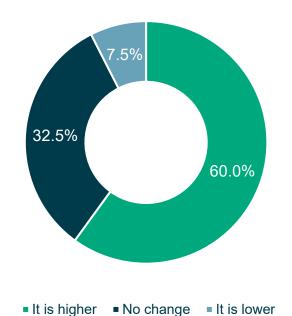
Valuations achieved remain solid with 55% suggesting stable / higher, with PE the most dominant buyer category



2024 prospects and beyond

How does pitching activity (YTD) compare to 2023?

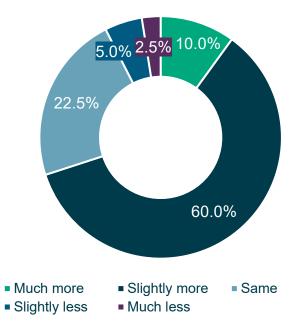
n = 40



Pitch activity has increased in 2024 – we are being engaged earlier ahead of future process launches

Where do you expect 2024 deal volumes to be versus 2023?

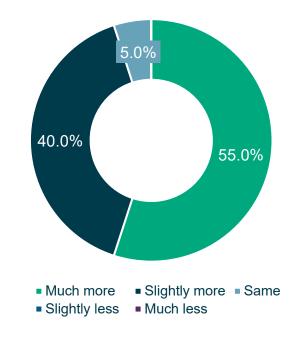
n = 40



We expect the increased pitch activity to convert into 2024 deals, with 70% expecting some growth compared to 2023

Where do you expect 2025 deal volumes to be versus 2024?

n = 39



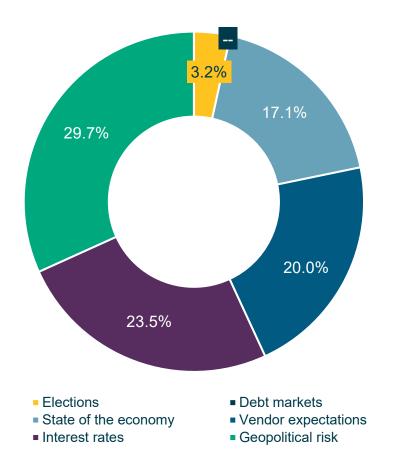
Looking further ahead, signalling confidence in an improved macro environment, 55% expect to see many more deals in 2025 vs this year



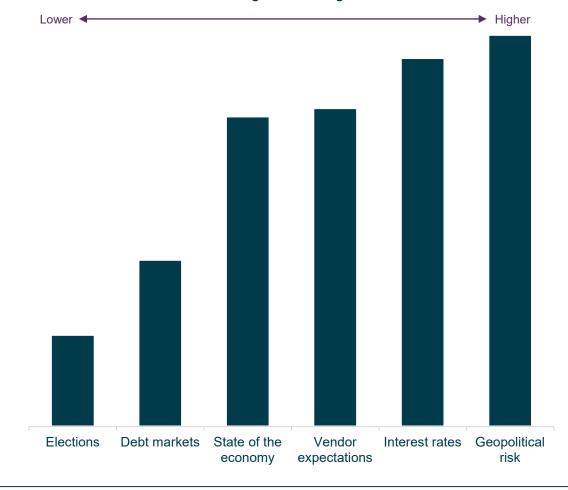
2024 prospects and beyond (cont.)

What are the key risks to recovery?¹ n = 39

Highest risk (% of responses)



Perceived "riskiness" on a weighted average basis





Recent Capital Advisory Transactions



a portfolio company of

RECOGNIZE

has acquired



Acquisition Financing







has made a strategic investment in



a portfolio company of



Buy-Side Acquisition Financing









a portfolio company of



has been refinanced

Refinancing







has acquired



Acquisition Financing





a portfolio company of



has been refinanced

Refinancing





has entered into a strategic partnership with



Buy-Side Acquisition Financing







a portfolio company of



has merged with



Valuation Advisory



















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